

## Use case: MSDs in the construction and public works sector

### Identifying risks and implementing solutions

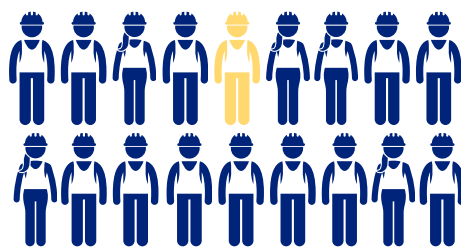
In the construction and public works sector (BTP), workers' physical health is severely tested. According to the French National Health Insurance (Assurance Maladie), **87% of recognized occupational diseases in this sector are related to musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)**. These conditions are the leading cause of work-related compensation in this strategic industry.



This alarming figure is explained by a **higher exposure to biomechanical constraints** compared to other sectors. According to the SUMER survey (2010–2017), **50.9% of employees in the construction and public works sector were exposed** to at least one biomechanical constraint, **compared to 24.8%** in other industries.

- **Construction worker: a high-risk occupation**

Over the course of their career, a construction and public works employee will experience **2.5 occupational accidents** and accumulate **220 days of sick leave** (due to a work-related accident or occupational illness). On average, each year, **one in every 18 employees** in the sector is the victim of a workplace accident.



Source : Assurance Maladie

### How can the well-being of construction workers facing MSDs be reconciled with business performance in a sector marked by high physical strain?

- **The most common risk factors for MSDs in the construction and public works sector:**



REPETITIVE MOVEMENTS



LOAD HANDLING



VIBRATIONS LINKED TO MACHINE TOOLS OR MACHINERY



PROLONGED CROUCHING OR BENDING POSTURES

- **Impacts on worker health:**

MSDs encompass several conditions, with the most common in the construction sector including:

- **Tendinitis** (shoulder, elbow, wrist)
- **Carpal tunnel syndrome**
- **Bursitis**
- **Lower back pain and herniated discs**

**More than 10% of workplace accidents in the construction industry are linked to lower back pain or spinal issues.**

- **Impacts on the company:**

The consequences of MSDs are not only human — they also place a **heavy burden on professional organizations.**

**AROUND**

**186 M**

**In annual direct costs related to MSDs (occupational injury / disease contributions)**

**Workdays lost per year, equivalent to over 8,500 full-time positions**

**MORE THAN**

**1.8 M**

**AROUND**

**40%**

**Of sick leaves are related to back pain**

*Source : Assurance Maladie figures for 2016-2017*

To this are added **indirect costs:** team disruption, overtime, reliance on temporary workers (turnover), loss of know-how, project delays, and reduced productivity...

## **So, what can be done?**

**Risk reduction in the construction sector relies on prevention and the implementation of effective solutions.**



### **Construction site preparation**

By anticipating the supply of materials on the construction site, **unnecessary movements and manual handling can be reduced**. Site preparation helps minimize **organizational uncertainties** by integrating health and safety concerns from the planning stage. It involves **analyzing critical phases** (e.g., delivery, storage, installation) **to identify physically demanding situations** — common to various finishing trades — and to propose concrete improvements.



### **Utilizing appropriate and ergonomic tools**

Providing appropriate tools and equipment **helps reduce physical strain and effort** (e.g., trolleys, clamps, panel lifters, low-vibration tools). Heavy lifting can be made easier through the use of **mechanical aids or collaborative solutions**.



### **Team training and awareness**

Teaching best practices for lifting loads and adopting proper postures is essential to prevent musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs). Similarly, **involving workers in the prevention process** and encouraging them to **report field issues helps foster a proactive safety culture**.

- **Financial support is available to assist you: Fonds FIPU**

The **FIPU** (Investment fund in professional wear prevention) supports the financing of preventive actions targeting three so-called "ergonomic" risk factors:

- **Manual handling of loads**
- **Strenuous postures, defined as forced joint positions**
- **Mechanical vibrations**

This subsidy can take various forms: financial assistance for the purchase of ergonomic equipment, **guidance and support for adapting workstations, or training programs aimed at raising employee awareness of proper ergonomic practices.**

[I'm discovering the FIPU](#)

## Why choose **KIMEA** by Moovency ?

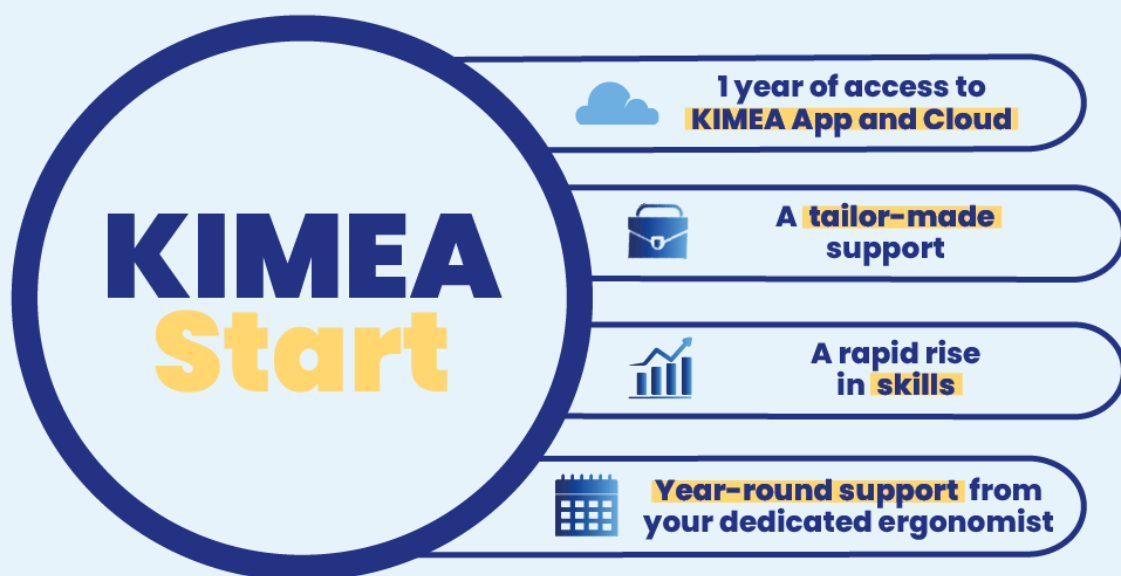
To address MSD risks on your worksites, discover KIMEA START.

### **KIMEA START : A comprehensive turnkey solution for preventing MSDs**

KIMEA START is an all-inclusive one-year package that guides you towards sustainable prevention by providing :

- **One year of access to KIMEA APP** – our data capture tool;
- **One year of access to KIMEA CLOUD** – our analysis platform;
- **Dedicated support and follow-up** with your assigned ergonomist.

Most importantly, you'll leave with the tools and knowledge to kickstart your MSD prevention strategy.



In terms of **prevention**, adopting a continuous optimization approach ensures you deliver the best and constantly improve your employees' well-being.

***You stay up-to-date***

We also offer **training services**. We train your **internal teams** to use our KIMEA suite of tools to assess workstations. This way, you are no **longer dependent on another company** for physical risk measurements. You only need to consult ergonomists for complex situations that require a specialist.

**A tool like KIMEA is ideal for ensuring ongoing optimization of workstations** : with the KIMEA score and visual indicators, you can assess your progress at a glance !

**Feel free to contact us**

[Contact us](#)



Because **every movement** matters